

Spent Nuclear Fuel (SNF) Transfer between SRS and INL



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Federal Project Director
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Background

- ✓ “If a danger exists in the world, it is a danger shared by all; and equally, that if hope exists in the mind of one nation, that hope should be shared by all”

(President Eisenhower, speaking to the United Nations General Assembly in New York City on December 8, 1953)

- ✓ The United States launched an "Atoms for Peace" program that supplied equipment and information to schools, hospitals, and research institutions within the U.S. and throughout the world
- ✓ The SNF Transfer Project will complete this mission at SRS which began over 50 years ago



SNF Decisions

- ✓ 1995 SNF Environmental Impact Statement Record of Decision stating that aluminum clad SNF will be managed at SRS and non-aluminum clad SNF will be managed at INL
- ✓ 1995 Idaho Settlement agreement which permits the SNF transfer between SRS and INL
- ✓ 2000 SRS SNF EIS ROD
 - ◆ Develop a Melt and Dilute process for 60% of aluminum clad SNF
 - ◆ H-Canyon processing for 40% of aluminum clad SNF
 - ◆ Ship non-aluminum SNF to INL
- ✓ 2006 DOE approved the Enriched Uranium Disposition Project stating that the H-Canyon facility at the Savannah River Site will be used to process aluminum clad SNF
- ✓ A Supplement Analysis and Amended Record of Decision is being developed to designate H-Canyon processing as the preferred option



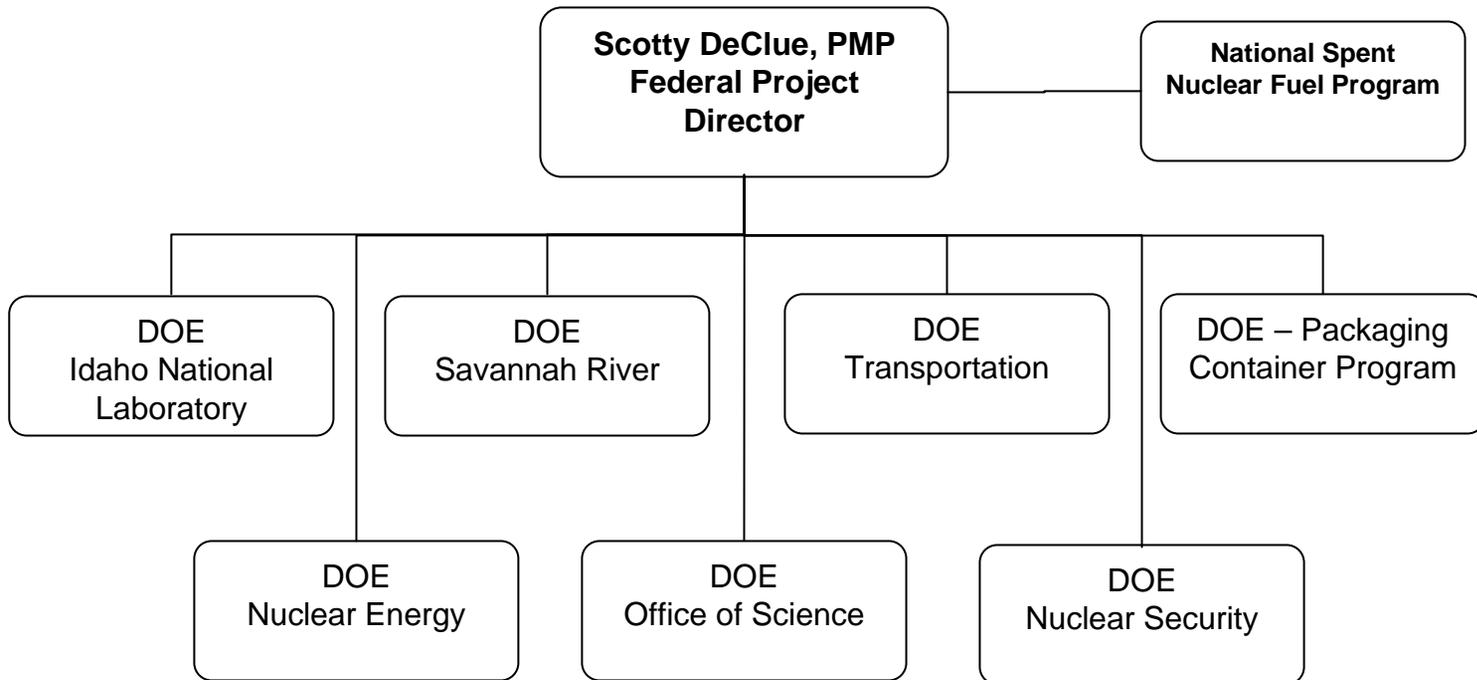
Successful End State

Completion of the Enriched Disposition Project together with the SNF Transfer will result in:

1. Elimination of the need for SRS to build and operate a SNF packaging and dry storage facility (estimated life cycle savings over \$1Billion)
2. Elimination of the entire SNF inventory at SRS
3. Completion of the SRS SNF mission by closing all SNF facilities (annual savings of over \$35Million)
4. Reduction of the number of shipments of SNF from DOE Sites to the repository
5. Recovery of a valuable national resource, useful fissile materials, for energy use



SNF Transfer Integrated Project Team



EM Environmental Management

safety ❖ performance ❖ cleanup ❖ closure

Scope of Transportation

- ✓ EM proposes to ship SNF between the Savannah River Site (SRS) and the Idaho National Laboratory (INL) beginning late 2009 through 2019
- ✓ Approximately 30 shipments per year for 10 years are being planned (20 shipments from INL to SRS and 10 shipments from SRS to INL each year)
- ✓ FRR and DRR shipments will be coordinated



Projected Shipment Planning Information

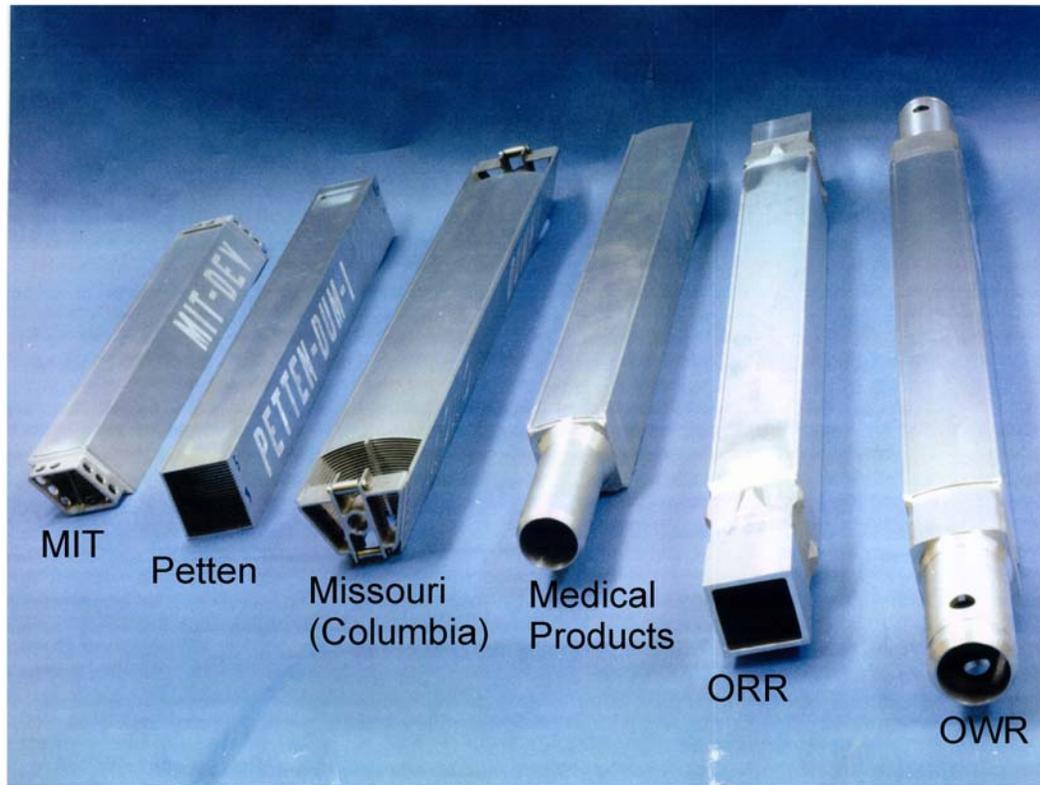
	<u>Assemblies/Pieces</u>	<u>Estimated Shipments</u>	<u>MTHM</u>	<u>Estimated Curies</u>
SRS to INL	~2000	50 – 150	~20	2.2 E7
INL to SRS	~4000	150 – 250	~3.8	1.8 E7



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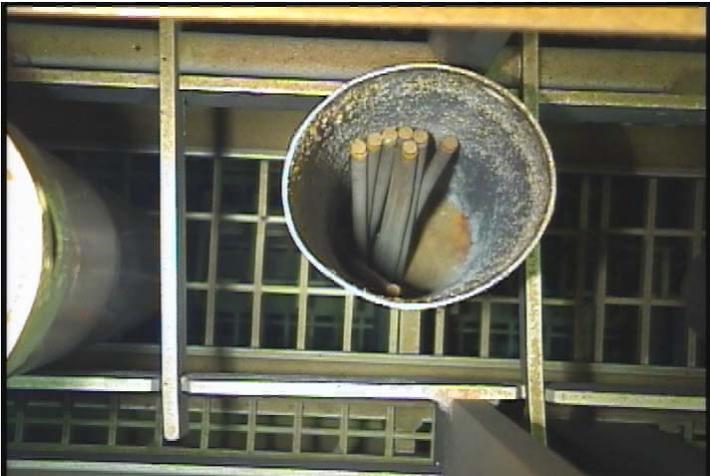
Typical aluminum Material Test Reactor Equivalent (MTRE) Assemblies



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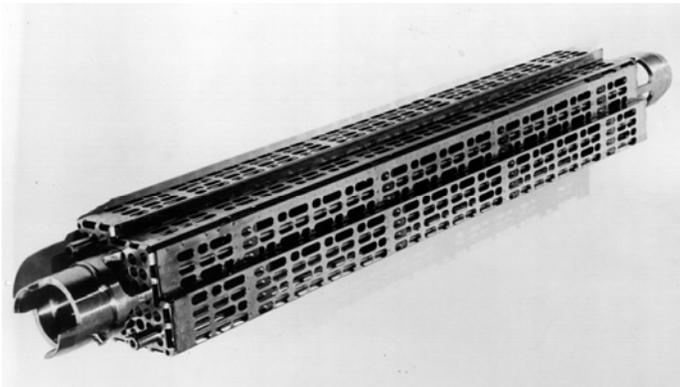
SRS Non-aluminum SNF



Loose
Pins/Rods



GCRE Pin Bundle
Gas Cooled Reactor Experiment



Saxton (intact)



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Fuel Assemblies

- ✓ Each fuel assembly will be reviewed for safe shipping and disposition options. Preliminary review of the SNF characteristics indicate:
 - ◆ All the INL SNF will physically fit in the DOE owned GE-2000
 - ◆ ~40% of the SRS inventory could physically fit in the GE-2000
 - ◆ The SRS inventory includes some fuel which will need to be repackaged for shipment to INL



SNF Transportation Cask

- ✓ SNF Shipping Cask Selection process has begun
- ✓ After reviewing the SNF characteristics and the L-Area basin physical characteristics, two casks are currently being studied:
 - ◆ GE 2000
 - ◆ NAC LWT
- ✓ EM is coordinating with NE and SC for Cask Procurement to maximize shared use opportunities



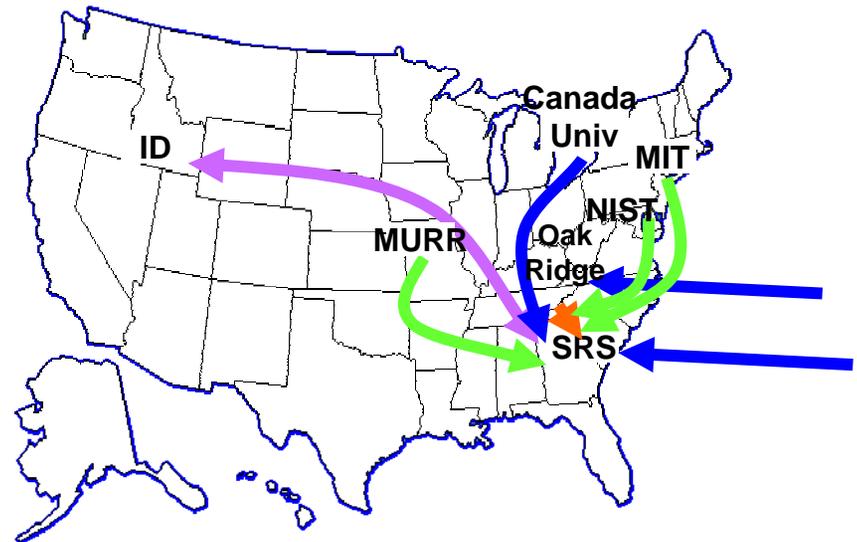
Strategy

- ✓ Lessons Learned from the DOE complex in shipping SNF will be reviewed to assist in planning process
- ✓ DOE Manual 460.2-1 will be followed
- ✓ Planning activities will follow the FRR cross-country and other EM SNF shipments
- ✓ The SNF Transfer IPT will coordinate the shipment schedule with other planned SNF shipments to avoid issues along the route



Planned SNF Shipments

- ◆ SNF Transfer Project – EM
- ◆ FRR – NNSA
- ◆ DRR – NE
- ◆ HFIR – SC



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Schedule

SNF Transfer Schedule	Date
Preliminary Project Planning Began	1/2/2007 (A)
General Briefing to Stakeholders on Project	07/2007
Publish SNF Transfer Project Plan	9/2007
Publish Draft Transportation Plan for Review	10/2007
Publish Supplement Analysis/Amended Record of Decision	12/2007
Enriched Uranium Critical Decision 2/3 Approved	12/2007
Begin SRS SNF deinventory shipments to H-Canyon	4/2009
Begin SNF exchange between SRS and INL	10/2009
Complete SNF Transfer	5/2019
Complete FRR receipt program	5/2019
Complete SRS DRR receipt program	5/2019



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Mode of Transportation

- ✓ All transportation routes and systems will be evaluated for safety, security, and cost effectiveness
- ✓ DOE proposes to begin these shipments in late 2009 using motor carrier transport
- ✓ Carriers will be selected from the approved Motor Carrier Evaluation Program list



Tracking

- ✓ The DOE TRANSCOM system will be used to track the shipments between SRS and INL
- ✓ The Savannah River Site Operations Center (SRSOC) will provide each corridor State and Tribe and DOE Regional Coordinating Office 24-hour emergency response point of contact notification that the shipment has departed and then a 2-hour “prior to entry” notification



Stakeholder Interaction

- ✓ SNF Transfer Draft Transportation plan available October 2007
- ✓ SR offers to host a meeting early 2008
- ✓ Include representatives from the 4 Regional Groups
- ✓ Purpose is to discuss the draft Transportation Plan
- ✓ Tour of SRS H-Canyon and L-Area facilities



SNF Transfer Summary

- ✓ SRS and INL are strong Safety and Radcon performers
- ✓ Shipping SNF is a validated capability
- ✓ SNF Transfer IPT is actively planning shipment
- ✓ DOE will coordinate SNF Transportation Plan with Corridor States and Tribes
- ✓ Effective Communications is imperative to the success of this project and will be actively managed



Heavy Water Potential Shipment

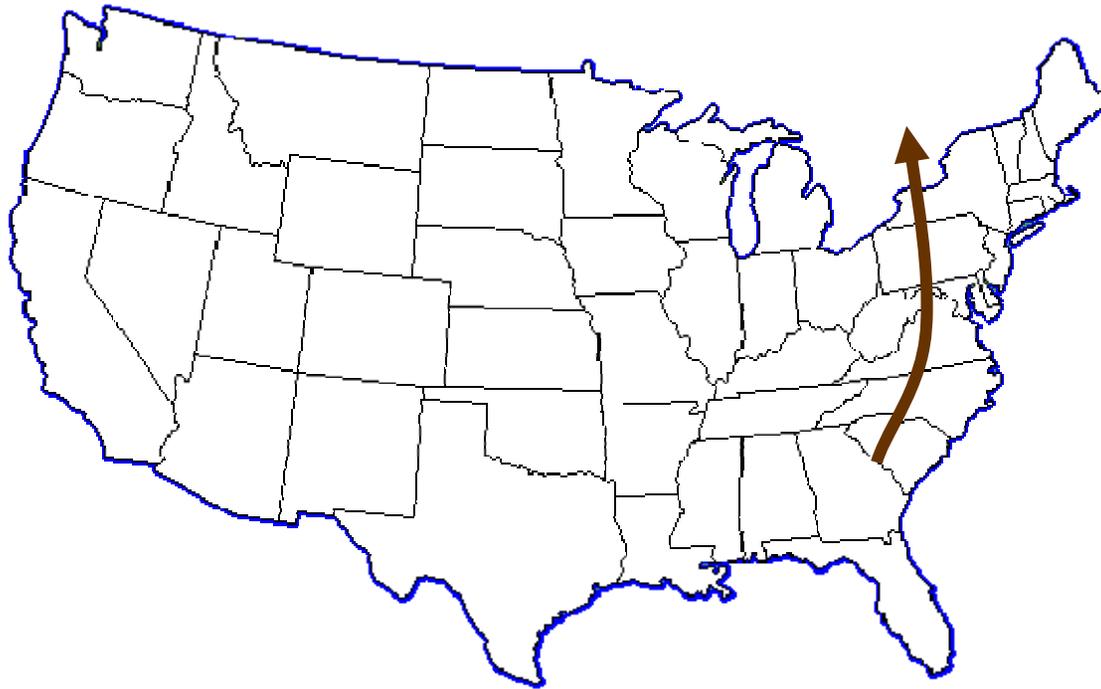


Heavy Water Potential Shipment

- ✓ Heavy Water is water with extra Neutrons in the Hydrogen atom
- ✓ Heavy Water was used in SRS reactors as a moderator
- ✓ ~ 535,000 gallons Heavy Water has been declared Excess
- ✓ Atomic Energy of Canada Limited (AECL) has expressed interest in the Heavy Water for nuclear power reactors
- ✓ DOE is exploring the concept to ship ~10,000 drums to Canada, possibly beginning in late 2008.



Heavy Water Routing



Heavy Water 



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